



VKM Report 2023:14

Assessment of genetically modified maize GA21 x T25 for food and feed uses, import and processing under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 (application EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-137)

Scientific Opinion of the Panel on genetically modified organisms of the Norwegian Scientific Committee for Food and Environment

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Assessment of genetically modified maize GA21 x T25 for food and feed uses, import and processing (application EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-137) under regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed

#### **Authors of the opinion**

The authors have contributed to the opinion in a way that fulfils the authorship principles of VKM (VKM, 2019). The principles reflect the collaborative nature of the work, and the authors have contributed as members of the VKM Panel on genetically modified organisms.

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## Summary

GA21 x T25 is a genetically modified maize developed by crossing maize plants GA21 and T25 using traditional breeding methods. GA21 x T25 plants contain the transgenes *mepsps* and *pat* which encode the proteins mEPSPS and PAT. The proteins mEPSPS and PAT provide tolerance to herbicide products containing glyphosate and glufosinate ammonium.

The scientific documentation provided in the application for genetically modified GA21 x T25 is adequate for risk assessment, and in accordance with EFSA guidance on risk assessment of genetically modified plants for use in food or feed. The VKM GMO panel does not consider the introduced modifications in event GA21 x T25 to imply potential specific health or environmental risks in Norway, compared to EU-countries The EFSA opinion is adequate also for Norwegian considerations. Therefore, a full risk assessment of event GA21 x T25 was not performed by the VKM GMO Panel.

# Sammendrag

GA21 x T25 er en genmodifisert mais utviklet ved hjelp av tradisjonell krysning. GA21 x T25 uttrykker transgenene *mepsps* og *pat*, som koder henholdsvis for mEPSPS og PAT. Transgenene gir toleranse for glyfosat og glufosinat ammonium-baserte ugressmidler.

Søkers vitenskapelige dokumentasjon for den genmodifiserte maisen er dekkende for risikovurdering, og i samsvar med EFSAs retningslinjer for risikovurdering av genmodifiserte planter til bruk i mat eller fôr. De genetiske endringene i mais GA21 x T25 tilsier ingen økt helse- eller miljørisiko i Norge sammenlignet med EU-land. EFSAs risikovurdering er derfor tilstrekkelig også for norske forhold. Ettersom det ikke har blitt identifisert særnorske forhold vedrørende egenskaper ved maisen, har VKMs GMO panel ikke utført en fullstendig risikovurdering av maisen.

# Background as provided by the Norwegian Food Safety Authority and the Norwegian Environment Agency

The Norwegian Food Safety Authority (NFSA) and the Norwegian Environment Agency (NEA) have assigned VKM to perform assessments of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) and derived products thereof, for which there are sought approval of authorisation to the European market under the Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed. VKM is requested to perform assessments for all GMO applications made accessible through the EFSA Document Management System (DMS), where the main focus should be on potential health or environmental risks specific to Norway compared to the EU.

# 1 Assessment of genetically modified mais GA21 x T25 (application EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-137)

#### 1.1 Comments during the EFSA scientific consultation-period

When EFSA submits an application for scientific consultation with a three-month commenting deadline, VKM shall initiate the scientific assessment. From the application is submitted for scientific consultation until EFSA has published its Scientific Opinion (6.5 months + the period when 'the clock stops') VKM should:

- Use this period to assess the scientific quality of the documentation presented in the application. Possible lack of essential information and other relevant scientific literature should be addressed. The application must be in compliance with Regulation (EU) No. 503/2013 and adhere to EFSA guidance (EFSA 2010, 2011) for risk assessment of genetically modified organisms.
- Provide comments to EFSA within the deadline and inform The Norwegian Food Safety Authority (NFSA) and the Norwegian Environment Agency (NEA) no later than two weeks before the deadline. If no comments are provided to EFSA, VKM notifies the NFSA and NEA for the reasons why no comment was submitted.
- Assess whether there are considerations specific to Norway that need to be addressed. If such considerations are identified VKM should immediately inform the NFSA and NEA.

#### Stage 1

#### 1. Application

#### EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-137

Genetically modified GA21 x T25

2. Information related to the genetic modification:

Event GA21 x T25 is a genetically modified maize developed by crossing maize plants GA21 and T25 using traditional breeding methods. GA21 x T25 plants contain the transgenes *mepsps* and *pat* which encode the proteins mEPSPS and PAT. The proteins mEPSPS and PAT provide tolerance to herbicide products containing glyphosate and alufosinate ammonium.

**Genes** Proteins

*mepsps* mEPSPS

*pat* PAT

**3. Previously assessed by VKM** YES: NO: X

4. If yes in item 3. – comments from VKM:

5. Date when EFSA declared the application as valid in accordance with

Articles 6(1) and 18(1) 06.03.17
6. Deadline of EFSAs commenting period 06.06.17

7. VKMs assessment of the documentation in the application

Applicants documentation: The VKM Panel on genetically

modified organisms finds the documentation provided as satisfactory for risk assessment.

Additional literature used by VKM: No

Documentation in compliance with Regulation (EU)

No. 503/2013: YES: X NO:

Documentation in accordance with EFSA guidance for risk assessment of genetically modified plants

(EFSA 2010, 2011): YES: X NO:

8. Comments submitted from VKM during

**EFSAs public consultation** YES: X NO:

**9. Date of submission from VKM** 06.06.17

**10.Comment(s) to EFSA:** 

VKM welcomes information on herbicide residue levels and their relevant metabolites in applications for herbicide tolerant GM-plants. Data on glyphosate and glufosinate-ammonium residue levels, including their relevant metabolites, in plant material from the presented field studies would support the assessment of food and feed safety.

#### 11. If NO in item 8. – comments from VKM:

12. Need for national consideration(s)

YES: NO: X

13. If YES in item 12. - comments from VKM:

#### 14. If NO in item 12. - comments from VKM:

The VKM GMO Panel does not consider the introduced modifications in GA21  $\times$  T25 to imply potential specific health or environmental risks in Norway, compared to EU-countries.

#### 15. VKMs conclusion regarding the application:

The scientific documentation provided in the application is adequate for risk assessment, and in accordance with the EFSA guidance on risk assessment of genetically modified plants for use in food or feed.

# 1.2 Considerations after EFSAs publication of their scientific opinion – part 1

When EFSA publishes their scientific opinion together with the comments from the member states, VKM shall within a month inform the NFSA and EEA on the following:

- Are EFSA's answer(s) to the Norwegian comments satisfactorily answered, or do VKM still have scientific objections to EFSA's conclusions
- Do EFSA's answers to comments from member states indicate need for follow-up by VKM
- Considerations specific to Norway

Stage 2		
1. Date of publication of EFSA opinion	27.01.23	
2. VKMs deadline for informing NFSA and EEA	27.02.23	
3. If YES in item 8. (table 1)— Answer from EFSA has been considered by VKM as satisfactory (Annex G)	YES: X	NO:
4. If YES in item 3 – Comments from VKM:		

EFSA has given a adequate reply to the VKM comment. VKM is aware that herbicide residues are outside the remit of the EFSA GMO Panel

- 5. If NO in item 3 Comment(s) and further considerations from VKM:
- 6. Follow-up item 12 (table 1) comments from VKM

The VKM GMO Panel does not consider the introduced modifications in GA21  $\times$  T25 to imply potential specific health or environmental risks in Norway, compared to EU-countries.

7. Considerations from VKM regarding comments from EU member states and other countries under Annex G:

No member state comments imply the need for follow-up by VKM.

# 1.3 Considerations after EFSAs publication of their scientific opinion – part 2

If VKM's comments regarding health and environmental risk are not considered to be satisfactorily answered by EFSA, VKM shall within three months carry out a risk assessment of these conditions, as well as conditions specific to Norway. VKM shall highlight uncertainty and knowledge gaps. It shall be stated in what area there are knowledge gaps, and whether the uncertainty, quality of the data, and knowledge gaps will affect the conclusion.

#### Stage 3

- **1. Need for further assessment(s)** YES: NO: X
- 2. If YES in item 1. Further considerations from VKM:

#### 3. If NO or NA in item 1. – comments from VKM:

The scientific documentation provided in the application is adequate for risk assessment, and in accordance with the EFSA guidance on risk assessment of genetically modified plants for use in food or feed.

Answers from EFSA to VKM comments were satisfactory.

The EFSA opinion is adequate also for Norwegian considerations.

4. Need for national considerations

YES: NO: X

- 5. If YES in item 4. comments from VKM:
- 6. If NO in item 4. comments from VKM

The VKM GMO Panel does not consider the introduced modifications in event GA21  $\times$  T25 to imply potential specific health or environmental risks in Norway, compared to EU-countries.

7. Need for a risk assessment	YES: NO: X
8. Date of deadline for risk assessment	Not applicable
9. Date of publication of assessment	16.05.23

### 2 Conclusions

The VKM GMO Panel has performed an assessment of genetically modified GA21 x T25. GA21 x T25 plants contain the transgenes mepsps and pat which encode the proteins mEPSPS and PAT. The proteins mEPSPS and PAT provide tolerance to herbicide products containing glyphosate and glufosinate ammonium.

The VKM GMO panel has assessed the documentation in the application EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-137. The scientific documentation provided in the application is adequate for risk assessment, and in accordance with the EFSA guidance on risk assessment of genetically modified plants for use in food or feed.

The GMO panel does not consider the introduced modifications in GA21 x T25to imply potential specific health or environmental risks in Norway, compared to EU-countries. The EFSA opinion is adequate also for Norwegian considerations.

## 3 References

EFSA (2010) Guidance on the environmental risk assessment of genetically modified plants. Scientific option from the EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO). The EFSA Journal 8 (11):1-111 <a href="http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/doc/1879.pdf">http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/doc/1879.pdf</a>

EFSA (2011) Guidance for risk assessment of food and feed from genetically modified plants. The EFSA Journal 9(5): 2150. <a href="http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/doc/2150.pdf">http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/doc/2150.pdf</a>

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